

In the Claims

Please substitute the claims as set forth below in a complete listing. There are no claim amendments made at this time.

1.(previously presented) A vector for transforming a plastid genome, said vector comprising as operably-linked components a first flanking sequence, a DNA sequence coding for an insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) which is capable of expression in said plastid genome, and a second flanking sequence.

2.(previously presented) The vector of claim 1, wherein the DNA sequence coding for the IGF-1 is a synthetic IGF-1 (IGF-1s) and contains approximately 60% adenine and thymine nucleotides.

3.(previously presented) The vector of claim 1 wherein said plastid is a chloroplast.

4.(previously presented) The vector of claim 1, further comprising a regulatory sequence containing a promoter operative in said plastid genome.

5.(previously presented) The vector of claim 1, wherein said DNA sequence is according to SEQ ID NO:2.

6.(previously presented) The vector of claim 4, wherein said regulatory sequence comprises psbA 5' and psbA 3' elements.

7.(previously presented) The vector of claim 4, wherein said regulatory sequences further comprise a 5' UTR capable of providing transcription and translation enhancement of said DNA sequence coding for IGF-1.

8.(previously presented) The vector of claim 4, wherein said regulatory sequences further comprise a 3' untranslated region (UTR) capable of conferring transcript stability to said IGF-1.

9.(original) The vector of claim 1, wherein said first flanking sequence is trnI, and wherein said second flanking sequence is trnA.

10.(previously presented) The vector of claim 1, wherein said first and second flanking DNA sequences are substantially homologous to sequences in a spacer region of said plastid genome, and wherein said first and second flanking sequences are conserved in the plastid genome.

11.(original) The vector of claim 10, wherein said spacer region is a transcriptionally active spacer region.

12.(original) The vector of claim 10, wherein said trnI and trnA provide for homologous recombination to insert an IGF-1 or region of an inverted repeat region of a chloroplast genome.

13.(previously presented) The vector of claim 1, wherein said DNA sequence coding for IGF-1 is located in a single copy region of said plastid genome.

14.(original) The vector of claim 7, wherein said 5' UTR is a 5' UTR of psbA.

15.(original) The vector of claim 8, wherein said 3' UTR is a 3' UTR of psbA.

16.(original) The vector of claim 1, further comprising a DNA sequence encoding a selectable marker.

17.(original) The vector of claim 16, wherein said selectable marker is an antibiotic-free selectable marker.

18.(original) The vector of claim 17, wherein said antibiotic-free selectable marker is Betaine aldehyde dehydrogenase (BADH).

19.(previously presented) The vector of claim 16, wherein said DNA sequence encoding a selectable marker encodes an antibiotic resistance selectable marker.

20.(original) The vector of claim 19, wherein said antibiotic resistance selectable marker is aadA.

21.(previously presented) A method for producing IGF-1 comprising[:] integrating the plastid transformation vector of claim 1 into the plastid genome of a plant cell and growing said plant cell to thereby express the IGF-1 product encoded by said vector.

22.(original) The method of claim 21, wherein said IGF-1 is competent to produce an immunogenic response in a mammal.

23.(previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein said IGF-1 is substantially free of negative side effects in the mammal.

24-27.(canceled)

28.(previously presented) A plant containing the transformation vector of claim 1.

29.(original) A progeny of the plant of claim 28.

30.(original) A seed of the plant of claim 28.

31.(canceled)

32.(previously presented) The plant of claim 28, wherein said plant is an edible plant suitable for consumption by a mammal.

33.(original) The plant of claim 28, wherein said plant further comprises at least one chloroplast transformed with the vector of claim 1.

34.(previously presented) The plant of claim 28, wherein said plant further comprises one or more leaves containing plastid genomes transformed with the vector of claim 1.

35-38.(canceled)